Wrens (FS1)

Phonics learning should be the foundation for the teaching of reading and writing throughout the year. Being able to recognise phonemes aurally and say them orally will support them with future blending and segmenting development.

Vocabulary development should be a main focus: learning new words and using them in their talk will be fundamental to their future success as writers. Children need lots of opportunity to have language structure modelled and to practise this for themselves. Key to this is the use of quality conversations between adults and children across a range of situations and within provision.

To support transcription the children will develop gross and fine motor control leading to the teaching of correct pencil grip Composition should be oral and build on the patterns modelled by the adults and from familiar stories and rhymes. Children should be encouraged to explore new vocabulary orally. Independent mark making opportunities are built across provision.

Context/	My 5 senses/ Families and celebration	Footprints from the past/Growing	Terrific traditional tales/ mad about minibeasts
books	Brown bear, brown bear- Bill Martin	Jack and the beanstalk	Range of traditional tales
used	We're going on a bear hunt- Michael Rosen	Jasper's beanstalk- Nick Butterworth	The hungry caterpillar- Eric Carle
	The Christmas story		The lonely firefly- Eric Carle
			The bad tempered ladybird- Eric Carle
Writing to	Recount:	Recount:	Recount:
entertain	-talk about own experiences eg birthday, family	-talk about own experiences eg memories from the	-talk about own experiences
	celebrations	past	-retell a known story, sequencing events and
	-talk about events/characters in a known story	- talk about events/characters in a known story	using some appropriate story language
		-sequencing events and using some appropriate	- use appropriate vocabulary when describing
	Poetry: rhymes, songs, alliteration	vocabulary	characters
		Poetry: rhymes, songs, alliteration	Poetry: rhymes, songs, alliteration
Writing to	Labels- eg body parts	Labels- eg seasons	Labels-eg linked to materials, different mini-
inform	Instructions: understand and follow a simple	Instructions: understand and follow a simple	beasts
	instruction	instruction	Lists- linked to wider learning
	Non-chronological report	Non-chronological report	Instructions: understand and follow more than
	-describe something using appropriate	-describe something using appropriate vocabulary	one instruction
	vocabulary eg sense of taste	-share knowledge gained	Non-chronological report
	-share knowledge gained	Explanation eg how they have changed over time,	-describe something using appropriate vocabulary
		what happens in Spring	-share knowledge gained
			Explanation eg what an insect is
Writing to	Express an opinion orally eg whether they	Express an opinion orally eg what they like about a	Express an opinion orally eg which is their
persuade	like/don't like something	season	favourite mini-beast
Writing to	Listen to a different opinion	Listen to a different opinion	Listen to a different opinion
discuss			

Kingfisher (FS2)

Phonics learning should underpin the teaching of reading and writing throughout the year. Children should be given many opportunities to write dictated sentences which only use decodable words from their phonics learning and a range of familiar sentence starts eg I am..., I like..., I was..., I went..., I can Similarly, transcription should be a main focus: correct pencil grip, how to write upper and lower case letters of the alphabet and correct letter formation Simple sentences and the correct use of a capital letter, full stop and 'finger spaces' are key to future learning

Composition should be oral in the main and should build on the patterns learned from dictated sentences. Children should be encouraged to explore rich vocabulary orally. When children do write independently, they should follow a think, say, write approach and be encouraged to use words that they know how to spell. With this in mind there is not an overload of the writing curriculum for this year group in relation to the purposes for writing: the examples below can be used as a guide to support planning. NB- the majority of this should be oral composition

	ranning. No- the majority of this should be oral to		T
Theme/key	Being me in my world	People who help us/ Growing	Healthy lifestyle/camouflage
books	Handa's surprise- Eileen Brown	Stuck- Oliver Jeffers	Ready, steady mo! -Kes Gray/Mo Farah
	Lost and found- Oliver Jeffers	The Jolly Postman- Allan Ahlberg	What food will you choose- Claire Potter
	All About Me	The very hungry caterpillar- Eric Carle	
	Colour Monster - Anna Llenas	My Bean Diary- Rhonda Jenkins	
	Zim, Zam, Zoom – James Carter	A butterfly is born- Melvyn Berger	
	The Perfect Fit – Naomi and James Jones		
	Here We Are – Oliver Jeffers		
Writing to	Labels- labelling pictures	Labels -writing simple captions	Recount:
entertain	Recount:	Recount:	-talk about own experiences
	-talk about own experiences	-talk about own experiences	-retell a known story/sequence events in simple
	-retell a known story	-retell a known story/sequence events	beginning, middle, end
	-choose appropriate vocabulary	-orally compose a sentence	-orally compose a sentence/attempt to write
		-choose appropriate vocabulary	using capital letter, full stop and finger space
	Poetry- listen to and join in eg rhyming phrases		-choose appropriate vocabulary
		Poetry- listen to and join in eg rhyming phrases	
			Poetry- listen to and join in eg rhyming phrases,
			alphabet lists
Writing to	Skills – VC, CVC, letter formation, initial sounds	Labels- labelling pictures eg range of people who	Labels- labelling pictures eg healthy food
inform	Labels- labelling pictures eg float/sink	help us, naming seasons	Lists- in relation to wider learning
	Lists - in relation to wider learning	Lists- in relation to wider learning	Instructions- give simple instructions eg how to
	Instructions- understand and follow simple	Instructions- give simple instructions eg how to	play a game
	instructions	plant a bean	Non-chronological report
	Non-chronological report	Non-chronological report	-describe something using appropriate vocabulary
	-describe something using appropriate	-describe something using appropriate vocabulary	-share knowledge gained
	vocabulary	-share knowledge gained	-say how things are similar/different
	-share knowledge gained	-say how things are similar/different	Explanation- eg how we can eat a balanced diet
	-say how things are similar/different	Explanation- eg how we can help each other, what	
		happens to a caterpillar	

	Explanation- eg what can they do to help look		
	after the planet		
Writing to	Express an opinion orally eg say which foods	Express an opinion orally eg which jobs help us the	Express an opinion orally eg their favourite way
persuade	were their favourite from food tasting	most	of keeping active
Writing to	Listen to a different opinion	Listen to a different opinion	Listen to a different opinion
discuss			

Skylarks (mixed FS2/Y1) NB -Straight Y1 23-24

Phonics learning should underpin the teaching of reading and writing throughout the year. Children should be given many opportunities to write dictated sentences which only use decodable words from their phonics learning and a range of familiar sentence starts eg I am..., I like..., I have got... I was..., I went..., moving to 'we' which the children need to overlearn in order to compose their own sentences.

Similarly, transcription should be a main focus: handwriting eg how to write upper and lower case letters of the alphabet, correct letter formation and wider spelling eg key words/common exception words

Simple sentences and the correct use of a capital letter, full stop and 'finger spaces' should be embedded before exploring the use of 'and' to extend a sentence or more complex punctuation eg?!

Composition should be oral in the main in the first instance and should build on the patterns learned from dictated sentences. When the children have mastered this then we can look to the use of adjectives to make their sentences more interesting.

With this in mind there is not an overload of the writing curriculum for this year group in relation to the purposes for writing: the examples below can be used as a guide to support planning

Context/	Our School/ Cortonwood Colliery	Stone Age (and dinosaurs)	Flight/Coastal regions
books	Narrative- traditional tales/fairy tales:	The Odd Egg- Emily Gravett	Lost and Found- Oliver Jeffers
used	The Gingerbread Man, The Three Little Pigs	Harry and His Bucketful of Dinosaurs- Ian Whybrow	Emma Jayne's Aeroplane- Katie Howarth
	(and also the twisted tale - The Three Little	Esme's Rock- Simon Philip	Little Wings:The Story of Amy Johnson- FJ Beerling
	Wolves and The Big Bad Pig), The Little Red Hen	Stone Age Boy- Satoshi Kitamura	The Lighthouse Keeper's Lunch- David Armitage
	Funnybones- Allan Ahlberg	How to Wash a Woolly Mammoth- Michelle	What the Ladybird Heard at the Seaside/The Snail
	Here We Are- Oliver Jeffers	Robinson	and the Whale-Julia Donaldson
	*Additional non-fiction texts about school and	*Additional non-fiction texts all about	*Additional non-fiction texts about
	local area	dinosaurs/stone age/Mary Anning	transport/flight/British seaside
Writing to	From class reading: narrative	From class reading: narrative	From class reading: narrative
entertain	Recount -simple sequenced sentences	Recount -simple sequenced sentences (dictated) to	Recount -sequenced sentences to retell main
	(dictated) to retell main events or own	retell main events using story language	events using story language
	experience	Description- use adjective lists/labels to write	Description- use adjective lists/labels to write
	Labels/lists- to describe characters and settings	character/setting descriptive sentences	character/setting descriptions
	Character Description – Wolf		
	Poetry – senses Autumn	Poetry: Alliterative list	Poetry: Rhyming couplets
Writing to	From class reading: (Little Red Hen):	<u>Wider Curriculum:</u>	<u>Wider Curriculum (Flight):</u>
inform	Instructions -how to make bread	Label diagrams and pictures	Lists of known transport
	Wider curriculum (Our School):	Lists/Non-chronological report Simple lists or fact	Recount key events of significant figure's life eg
	Label maps/sketches of school/local area	sentences about what they know about Stone Age/	Wright brothers/ Amy Johnson
	Recount of local walk: I went to, I saw	dinosaurs under shared headings eg T-rex- food,	Non-chronological report -aeroplane factfile or
	Labels, Lists of what they can see, hear etc	appearance, facts	facts about Filey under headings
	round school, body parts etc	Recount key events from Mary Anning's life	<u>Wider Curriculum (coastal regions):</u>

	Instructions (oral only) giving simple directions linked to school/local walk Wider curriculum (Cortonwood Colliery): Non-chronological report Simple (dictated) fact sentences to describe what the colliery was like or linked to Brampton study under different headings. Label diagrams/pictures to show change over time Explanation- Oral explanation of a reason why the colliery closed	Instructions -how to 'plant a seed' (Science learning) using time order words eg first, next, after, finally and commands eg put, stick, cut Explanation- Oral explanation of how a fossil is formed	Lists of know seaside places Label simple map of Filey linked to visit/what was seen Recount of trip to Filey or describe own holiday/day out experience Non- chronological report- see example above
Writing to persuade	Wider curriculum (Our School): Express an opinion orally eg about what they like about school or favourite bit of the walk/ visit to the park		Wider curriculum: Express an opinion orally eg about favourite part of the trip
Writing to discuss	Listen to a different opinion		Listen to a different opinion

Nightingales (Year One/Two)

Phonics learning should underpin the teaching of reading and writing. Children should continue to be given many opportunities to write dictated sentences which use words from their phonics learning, a range of familiar sentence starts and vocabulary from across their learning. Time should be given to embedding the transcriptional elements of handwriting and spelling as well as their ability to write a simple sentence including correct punctuation. Oral composition (think, say, write) should be used to support writing, particularly when exploring the various ways that a sentence can be expanded. The content outlined below will be guided by the writing development of the class.

Context/ Books A new home for pirate - Ronda Armitage used The pirate cruncher - Jonny Duddle The pirates next door Jonny Duddle Writing to entertain Prom class reading: narrative entertain Space Look Up!- Nathan Bryon Man on the moon – Simon The Great Fire of London: https://www.fireoflondon.org.uk/game/ Description- use adjective lists/labels to write character/setting descriptive sentences Story structure- use story language to 'tell' a story (both orally and in writing) Great Fire of London Vlad and the great fire of London - Kate Cunningham The Great Fire of London: https://www.fireoflondon.org.uk/game/ Description-org.uk/game/ Description-org.uk/game/ Description-org.uk/game/ Description-org.uk/game/ Description-org.uk/game/ Description-org.uk/game/ Story structure Story structure Story structure-organical include some description Succent Fire of London: The Directory of Look Up!- Nathan Bryon Man on the moon – Simon The Way back home-Olive Laika the astronaut-Owen Description-organical include some description Story structure-organical include some description Story structure-organical include some description	er Jeffers n Davey
The pirate cruncher - Jonny Duddle The pirates next door Jonny Duddle The pirates next door Jonny Duddle The Great Fire of London: The Great Fire of London: The Way back home- Olive Laika the astronaut- Owen Th	er Jeffers n Davey
The pirates next door Jonny Duddle The Great Fire of London:	er Jeffers n Davey
Writing to entertain Story structure- use story language to 'tell' a	n Davey
Writing to entertain Prom class reading: narrative Description- use adjective lists/labels to write character/setting descriptive sentences Story structure- use story language to 'tell' a Prom class reading: narrative Description- use expanded noun phrases to write character/setting description Story structure- sequence events From class reading: narrative Description- use expanded noun phrases to write character/setting description Story structure- sequence events Story structure - simple na	•
entertain Description- use adjective lists/labels to write character/setting descriptive sentences Story structure- use story language to 'tell' a Description- use expanded noun phrases to write character/setting description Story structure- sequence events Description- use expanded noun phrases to write character/setting description Story structure- sequence events Story structure- simple na	<u>tive</u>
character/setting descriptive sentences Story structure- use story language to 'tell' a character/setting description Story structure- sequence events character/setting description Story structure- sequence events character/setting description Story structure- simple na	
Story structure- use story language to 'tell' a Story structure- sequence events Story structure -simple na	d noun phrases to write
	ion
story (both orally and in writing) Wider curriculum include some description	rrative structure to
wider curriculum include some description	
Recount- diary/letter as a character Recount- diary of perspective of someone	
experiencing the GFoL	
Poetry: alliterative list	
Poetry: acrostic Poetry: question and answ	wer poems
Writing to Wider curriculum: Wider curriculum: Wider curriculum:	
inform Lists with commas- of items needed for an Description- of a London attraction studied Non- chrono report- linker	d to learning about
expedition Recount- describe key events in order Space under key headings	
Recount- key facts about an explorer's life in Instructions- how to make a simple sandwich from Recount- key facts about a	an astronaut's life in
time order baked bread time order	
Letter – about Hawaii Oral explanation -how did the fire start and spread Recount- message back to	earth (write a message
Recount- factual recount of an expedition about life in space that is v	videoed like Tim Peake)
Instructions -linked to narrative or wider curric	
(eg a smoothie for a pirate)	
Writing to Wider curriculum: Wider curriculum (world w	veather)
persuade Express an opinion orally- share an opinion Express an opinion orally express an opinio	-say which is their
about the story favourite season and why	
Travel poster/leaflet- why visit Hawaii	
Writing to Listen to a different opinion Listen to a different opinion Listen to a different opinion	on and give a response
discuss	

Year Two

Embed phonics learning so that children have a working knowledge of phonetically plausible spellings which can then be built upon by direct teaching of spelling rules. The aim is that children can 'spell' many words independently and are able to hand write fluently so that they can concentrate on composition. Dictated sentences are still used to help gain speed and automaticity of phonics, handwriting and punctuation. The children need to have grasped the basics of what a sentence needs so that they are better equipped to apply subordination and coordination. There is a greater focus on vocabulary, expanded noun phrases and on using the correct tense.

	cer equipped to appry substantiation and coordinate	ion. There is a greater focus on vocabulary, expanded	induit printages and on using the correct tense.
Context/	Polar Explorers (Hot and cold countries)	Our Country/Castles	Africa (Hot and cold countries)
Books	The Great Explorer- Chris Judge	The Stone Giant- Anna Hoglund	Lila and the secret of the rain- David Conway
used	Shackleton's Journey- William Grill	Inside the villains – Clotilde Perrin(extract)	Meerkat Mail- Emily Gravett
	Lost and Found- Oliver Jeffers	I can catch a monster- Bethan Woollvin	Non-fiction: Crazy about cats – Owen Davy/ A
	Life in the arctic- range of non-fiction	Tell me a dragon- Jackie Morris	book of cats- Katie Viggers/ Amazing Africa-
	Emperor's Egg – Martin Jenkins	Mr Ben- David McKee	Mouni Feddag
Writing to	From class reading: narrative	From class reading: narrative	From class reading: narrative
entertain	Description - character/setting descriptions	Description- character	Recount- diary as a character
	Story structure - own Arctic story / retell of 'The	Story structure- alternative ending (overcoming a	Story structure- full narrative
	Great Explorer	monster)	
	Recount- postcards from characters	Portal story (Mr Ben) full narrative	
	Wider curriculum:	<u>Wider curriculum (Castles):</u>	
	Recount -in relation to school visit	Recount – imaginative diary- a day in the life of a	
		court dweller eg Knight, Lady, servant	Poetry: question and answer poems (riddles)
	Poetry: acrostic		
Writing to	Wider curriculum:	From class reading:	Wider Curriculum:
inform	Summaries/non-chronological report- life in	Instructions- how to trap a giant/yeti/kraken	Non-chronological report- fact file about African
	polar region	Wider curriculum (Our Country):	animal
	Recount -factual recount of Y2 sleepover	Non-chronological report - travel guide linked to a	Instructions- eg African recipe or game
	expedition	place studied	
	Lists with commas- items needed for an	<u>Wider curriculum (Castles)</u> :	
	expedition	Recount- factual recount of events eg related to	
		Conisbrough Castle life	
Writing to	From class reading/wider curriculum:	Wider curriculum(Our Country):	
persuade	job advert for a place on expedition	Poster to promote a place studied	
Writing to	Listen to another opinion and respond	Listen to another opinion and respond	Oral composition- comparison of places (related
discuss			to geography, Kenya and Brampton)

Year Three

Year three sees the children from BEP KS1 and BCI KS1 coming together. Teachers need to take time to get to know what the children can do and where any common gaps or misconceptions are. The focus, particularly in Autumn term Y3 is:

- Embedding transcription skills of spelling (including phonics as appropriate) and handwriting. The continued use of dictated sentences provides a perfect opportunity to embed these skills and to act as assessment of key basic understanding of sentence structure and punctuation
- Embedding understanding of what makes a sentence, sentence types (eg statement, question, command) and associated punctuation
- How to use coordination and subordination to extend sentences.

Context/	Our school history/ Bronze age to Iron age	Our planet- trip to tropical House- Leeds	Ancient Greece/modern Greece- sports day
Books	Range of 'settling in' picture books – Lion Inside	The Last Bear- Hannah Gold (adventure)	The Spiderwick Chronicles – Tony DiTerlizzi
used	and The Koala Who Could by Lydia Bright		(fantasy)
	Cloud busting- Malorie Blackman (poetry)		
	My Head Teacher is a vampire rat- Pamela		
	Butchart (school story)		
	Stone Age Boy - Satoshi Kitamura		
Writing to	Novel/range of picture books: narrative	Novel: narrative	Novel: narrative
entertain	Setting description	Setting description	Story structure-simple story structured in
	Character description	Character description	paragraphs, with description and speech
	Story structure- Sequencing events	Use of direct speech	
		Recount- diary of April while on Bear Island	
		Poetry: shape poems	Poetry: Limericks
Writing to	Wider curriculum (Our School):	Novel:	Novel:
inform	Biography- Simple fact file based on what the	News report based on April getting the bear back	Instructions- eg How to look after a bogart or
	children find out about George Ellis	to Svalbard	other creature
	Wider curriculum (Our School):	Wider curriculum:	Wider curriculum (Ancient Greece):
	Recount- Factual account of 'A day in the life'	Summaries/Non-chronological report- Based on	Non-chronological report- Based on knowledge
	of a school child from the 1800	knowledge gained about different biomes	gained about society or legacy
	Wider curriculum (Bronze Age to Iron Age):		
	Recount -Factual account of the key events of		
	the Roman Invasion		
Writing to		Wider curriculum:	Wider curriculum(Ancient Greece):
persuade		Poster/leaflet-To promote what we can do to	Argument- Eg Which city state would they prefer
		protect a particular biome (not rainforest as they	to live in and why? Monarchy v democracy
		focus on this further up school)	Wider curriculum (modern Greece):
			Travel poster/'brochure'-Why visit Greece?

Writing to	Wider curriculum:	Wider curriculum (Ancient Greece):
discuss	Comparison- Similarities and differences between	Comparison – summarise key arguments put
	2 contrasting biomes	forward for the Persuasive argument

Year Four

By Year four, most transcriptional skills should be embedded but the teaching of spelling rules and exceptions will support their use of more ambitious vocabulary. This should free up teaching time to really focus on the place of grammar within writing with lots of opportunity to practise and the process of writing. Shared plans are recommended and the process needs scaffolding to allow opportunity for regular revision and editing.

recommend	led and the process needs scarrolding to allow oppo	ntunity for regular revision and editing.	
Context/	The Romans	Brazil	Viking Explorers
Books	The Iron Man – Ted Hughes (sci fi, fable)	Journey to the River Sea- Eva Ibbotson (adventure)	Viking Boy- Tony Bradbury (historical)
used	Empire's End: A Roman Story- Leila Rasheed	The Great Kapok Tree- Lynne Cherry (picture book)	The Vikings: Raiders, Traders and Adventurers!-
	(historical)	There's a Rang-Tan in My Bedroom- James Sellick	Marcia Williams (non-fiction)
	Meet the Ancient Romans-James Davies (NF	& Frann Preston-Gannon (picture book)	Viking Voyages -Jack Tite (non-fiction)
	Picture book)	Let's Save the Amazon by Catherine Barr & Jean	Arthur and the Golden Rope- Jo Stanton (picture
	We Are the Romans: Meet the People Behind	Claude (NF Picture book)	book).
	the History-David Long & Allen		
	Fatimaharan (NF)		
Writing to	Novel: narrative	<u>Novel:</u> narrative	Novel: narrative
entertain	Character and setting description	Character and setting description	Character and setting description including
	Story structure- sequence events in	Story structure - sequence events in paragraphs,	similes
	paragraphs, include direct speech	include direct speech	Use of dialogue/dialogue verbs to show character
	Recount -Diary as a character from the text	Recount- Informal letter describing an event in the	
		text	Poetry: simile poems
	Poetry: Haiku and Tanka		
Writing to	Novel:	Novel:	Wider curriculum:
inform	Recount/news report- Linked to an event in the	News report-Linked to an event in the text (fire)	Recount- First person account of a Viking on one
	novel	<u>Wider curriculum:</u>	of the journeys
	Wider curriculum:	Explanation- Based on learning about water cycle	Summaries/non-chronological report- Based on
	Summaries/ Non-chronological report-Based	or how rivers are formed	key knowledge gained eg types of teeth and
	on key knowledge gained eg legacy of the		functions from science
	Romans		
	Biography - Using a significant figure from		
	Roman history eg emperor		
Writing to	Novel:	Wider Curriculum: OPTIONAL	
persuade	Persuasive advert- Linked to knowledge gained	Letter to government-Putting forward an	
	from text eg becoming a gladiator	argument either for or against allowing	
		deforestation	N# 1 0 1 1
Writing to		<u>Wider Curriculum</u> :	<u>Wider Curriculum:</u>
discuss			

	Comparison -Similarities and differences between	Comparison -Summarise key points of different
	UK and Brazil or rich and poor standard of living in	viewpoints about the same event eg a Viking
	Rio de Janeiro	invasion

	Year Five		
Context/ Books	The Industrial era-Visit to Kelham Island Harry Potter and the Philosopher's stone- J.K	Mayans The Jamie Drake equation- Christopher Edge (sci-fi)	Yorkshire City and coast- visit to Sheffield/Scarborough
used	Rowling (fantasy, adventure, quest)	and the second equation of the second end of the	Room 13 – Robert Swindells (gothic horror)
Writing to entertain	Novel: narrative Detailed setting description Novel: Recount- Diary as a character Poetry: Quatrains	Novel: narrative Character description and use of dialogue, verbs/adverbs to show character thoughts and feelings Story structure- use dialogue and cohesive devices to advance the plot	Novel: narrative Setting description/ Create mood Story structure- use dialogue and cohesive devices to advance the plot Wider curriculum: Recount-Personal recount of the trips
Writing to inform	Wider curriculum: Biography- Linked to a significant figure from history learning (Dumbledore) Diary Wider curriculum: Science explanation- changes in materials	Wider curriculum: Non-chronological report/ summaries- eg History knowledge re Mayan achievements or Geography knowledge of range of biomes	Poetry: Quintains (do limericks in Y3, Tanka in Y4) Novel: Recount/News report-linked to events within the novel
Writing to persuade	Wider curriculum: Letter to newspaper- put forward a one sided argument eg state of working conditions, women's right to vote		Wider curriculum: Evaluation- why visit Sheffield/Scarborough? Prepare a speech to summarise their evaluation
Writing to discuss	Novel: Balanced argument -re a theme in the book (eg should first years be allowed on the quidditch team?)	Wider curriculum:	Novel: book review- summarise and balance opposing opinions

Year Six			
Context/ Books used Writing to entertain	Pollution and Our World Trash- Andy Mulligan (thriller) Glittering eye- LJ Addington Novel: narrative Setting description/ Create mood Story structure- use dialogue to show character and to advance the plot Story structure- cohesive devices and paragraphs to write short story Poetry: metaphor/personification	WW2 Letters from the lighthouse- Emma Carroll (historical) Silver Sword- CS Lewis Novel: Recount-To write diary as a character/informal letter recounting events, character viewpoint Poetry: metaphor/personification	Ancient Egypt The red pyramid- Rick Riordan (fantasy, adventure, graphic novel) Novel: narrative Character, setting description (metaphor/personification/create mood) Story structure- use dialogue to show character and to advance the plot Story structure- cohesive devices and paragraphs to write short story
Writing to inform	Novel: Wider curriculum: Summaries/ Non chronological report- linked to wider learning eg plastic pollution, key marine features Explanation- eg how pollution affects marine life	Wider curriculum: Recount-factual account of events eg of Battle of Britain- fact v opinion Non chronological report/article- linked to an area of learning eg Kindertransport	Novel: Summaries eg-key events from sections of the book or note-taking on a given subject Wider curriculum: Biography -linked to topic eg Howard Carter
Writing to persuade	Wider curriculum: Prepare a speech to put forward their opinion/argument	Novel: Campaign letter- Formal letter to persuade MoD to keep the lighthouse	
Writing to discuss	Novel: Persuasive – why children should not work on landfills Wider curriculum: Essay style eg exploring pros and cons of the rubbish dumps in Manila	Wider curriculum: Essay style -eg impact of war on Britain beyond WW2	<u>Wider curriculum:</u> Essay style- eg what do the artefacts tell us about the life of Tutenkhamen?